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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/633,463	07/31/2003	Charles H. Hoff	7241-1 5445	
7590 10/26/2006			EXAMINER	
Brent P. Johns SHERIDAN RO	·	SOOHOO, TONY GLEN		
Suite 1200	055 P.C.	ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
1560 Broadway	,	1723		
Denver, CO 8	0202-5141		DATE MAILED: 10/26/2006	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

				<i>i</i> W			
		Application No.	Applicant(s)				
Office Action Summary		10/633,463	HOFF ET AL.				
		Examiner	Art Unit				
		Tony G. Soohoo	1723				
Period fe	The MAILING DATE of this communication ap or Reply	ppears on the cover sheet with the	correspondence addres	is			
A SH THE - Exte after - If the - If NO - Failu Any	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPL MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. nsions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1. SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. a period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period tree to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by staturely received by the Office later than three months after the mailined patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be ti ply within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) da I will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS fron te, cause the application to become ABANDON	imely filed  sys will be considered timely, in the mailing date of this commu ED (35 U.S.C. § 133).	nication.			
Status							
1)⊠	Responsive to communication(s) filed on 160	October 2006.					
2a) <u></u>		is action is non-final.					
3)□	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.						
Disposit	ion of Claims						
5)□ 6)⊠ 7)□	Claim(s) 1-6 and 24 is/are pending in the app 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdra Claim(s) is/are allowed.  Claim(s) 1-6 and 23 is/are rejected.  Claim(s) is/are objected to.  Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	awn from consideration.					
Applicat	ion Papers	•					
9)[	The specification is objected to by the Examin	er.	•				
10)	The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) acc	cepted or b) objected to by the	Examiner.				
	Applicant may not request that any objection to the	e drawing(s) be held in abeyance. Se	e 37 CFR 1.85(a).				
11\	Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct The oath or declaration is objected to by the E						
			Action of form PTO-1	52.			
	ınder 35 U.S.C. § 119		•				
a)	Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign All b) Some * c) None of:  1. Certified copies of the priority documen 2. Certified copies of the priority documen 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority application from the International Bureasee the attached detailed Office action for a list	ts have been received. ts have been received in Applicat prity documents have been receive au (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	ion No ed in this National Stag	ge			
Attachmen	t(s)						
_	e of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) Interview Summary					
3) 🔲 Inforr	e of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) nation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08 r No(s)/Mail Date	Paper No(s)/Mail D  5) Notice of Informal F  6) Other:	ate Patent Application (PTO-152)	)			

### **DETAILED ACTION**

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 1. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
  - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 2. Claims 1-6 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over of Winn, Jr. 3741533 in view of Fassauer 3804303 and Barlow 4395131 and Ricciardi . 4643582 (all previously cited).

The reference to Winn, Jr. 3741533 teaches a mixing discharge device for dry particulate by providing a housing 18, 16, through which a central transport inner tube 14 provides dry particulate and fluid is provided through the cylindrical shaped gap between the inside of 16 and the lower portion of the inner tube 14 to provide a curtain of fluid surrounding the central flow of the particulate at the outlet thereby mixing and wetting the material in which the ends of 14 and 16 co-terminate at the same point. It is noted that a tube 20 is provided a at a orientation which is transverse to the axis of the housing body 18, 16.

The Winn, Jr, discloses all of the recited subject matter as defined within the scope of the claims with the exception of 1) having a fitting to attach the transverse tube 20 with that of the housing 18, and 2) having a means to deliver the particulate material including a weigh hopper, storage bin, a scale for the weigh hopper, and a

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transport line including air and an eductor to transport the particulate material into the central tube discharge device.

With regards to the 1<sup>st</sup> issue, the reference to the reference to Ricciardi teaches a wet and dry wetting chamber having a housing 20 with a central tube for dry material and a transverse fitting inlet 22 connected to the housing which provides a liquid feed for wetting the material. As seen in figure 2 the fitting inlet 22 has threads and is connected to a larger transverse tube, as seen in figure 1, connected to a water source.

In view of the showing by the Riccardi reference that one may provide a threaded fitting to connect the mixer/wetting device to a source of fluid, it is deemed that it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to modify the inlet 20 with a threaded fitting so as to provide a convenient manner to connect and disconnect the device to a source of fluid for assembly or repair.

With regards to the 2<sup>nd</sup> issue, the Barlow discloses a system for feeding and transporting dry material having a weigh hopper 81, storage bin 21, a scale 82, an auger 45, a transport line 85, a means 84 between the with a hopper 81 and transport line 85, as a device to provide a precise measurement of metering of dry material.

Additionally, the reference to Fassauer (cited on PTO 1449) teaches a bin 23, metering device there between to a intermediate line 91 which is fed into a transport line 100.

The material is conveyed using a blower 98 and an eductor Venturi system 95, 94 thereby provides an effective and efficient manner to move dry material in transport to another position.

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In view of the teaching of Barlow and Fassauer as teachings a more advantageous manner to meter dry material, and to transport dry material, it is deemed that it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to provide for the device of Winn, Jr., it is deemed that it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to provide the dry metering means of Barlow, including a weigh hopper, storage bin, a scale for the weigh hopper, and a transport line including air and an eductor to transport the particulate material into the central tube discharge device, and in view of Fassauer, to further provide a dry transport means including a blower 98 and an eductor Venturi system 95, 94 thereby to additionally provide an effective and efficient manner to move dry material in transport to the central tube of the Winn, Jr. device.

With regards to the claims 2-6, the combination of Winn, Jr, Barlow and Fassauer discloses all of the recited subject matter as defined within the scope of the claims with the exception of having plural bins, respective plural weigh hoppers, respective introducing means to the transport line, respective scales, respective transport lines.

The Barlow and Fassauer reference as applied and modified to the Winn, Jr. reference discloses all of the recited subject matter as defined within the scope of the claims with a single example of a bin, scale, hopper, transport lines as discussed above with the exception of the provision of plural provisions of the respective structure to provide a plural transport of plural materials.

Whereby it is a old and well known technique of material processing to utilize plural machine respective components to provide a duplication of operation so that

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plural components may be processed by a device, and since it has been held that mere duplication of the essential working parts of a device involves only routine skill in the art, . St. Regis Paper Co. v. Bemis Co., 193 USPQ 8., it is deemed that it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to duplicate the bins, weigh hopper, introducing means to the transport line, the scale, and transport lines of Barlow such that the device of Barlow, as modified, has plural bins, respective plural weigh hoppers, respective introducing means to the transport line, respective scales, and respective transport lines so that plural materials may be processed and delivered.

3. Claim 23 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Winn, Jr. 3741533 in view of Barlow 4395131 and Fassauer 3804303 and Ricciardi 4643582 further in view of as applied to claim 1 above, and further in view of Pomerleau 2746728.

The combination of Winn, Jr., Barlow 4395131, Fassauer 3804303 and Ricciardi discloses all of the recited subject matter as defined within the scope of the claims with the exception of the inner tube having a flange which acts as a nozzle to accelerate the liquid flow between the inner tube and the inner body.

The reference to Pomerleau teaches that an inner tube 2 and outer body 7, 10 may have a section flange 3,4 which provides an accelerated flow in the flared lower extension to provide a venturing effect, column 2, lines 45-49.

In view of the teaching of Pomerleau that one may flare the inner tube to produce a Venturi effect between the inner an outer pipe to enhance flow, it is deemed that it

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would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to modify the combination of Winn Jr., Barlow and Fassauer 3804303 and Ricciardi such that the inner tube is flared so as to provide a better flow of liquid as it exits the tube.

## Response to Arguments

- 4. Applicant's arguments with respect to claims 1-6 have been considered but are moot in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.
- 5. It is noted that the invention is directed to a cooperation of a combination of systems, in particular, it requires a feed subsystem, transport subsystem, and mixing subsystem. Accordingly a person having ordinary skill in the art in the present invention would have knowledge and skill in each of such subsystems, in order to perfect the more complex system via the utilization of the subsystems. One must utilize and perfect the invention by the use of a knowledge of each differing subsystem in combination to produce the final effect produced by the device. Reasons and motivation to combine each of such subsystems of the recited references above has been provide and pointed out in the rejection made above.

#### Conclusion

6. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Tony G. Soohoo whose telephone number is (571) 272 1147. The examiner can normally be reached on 8AM-5PM, Tue-Fri.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Wanda Walker can be reached on 571-272-1151. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

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Tony G Sootloo 7 Primary Examiner Art Unit 1723